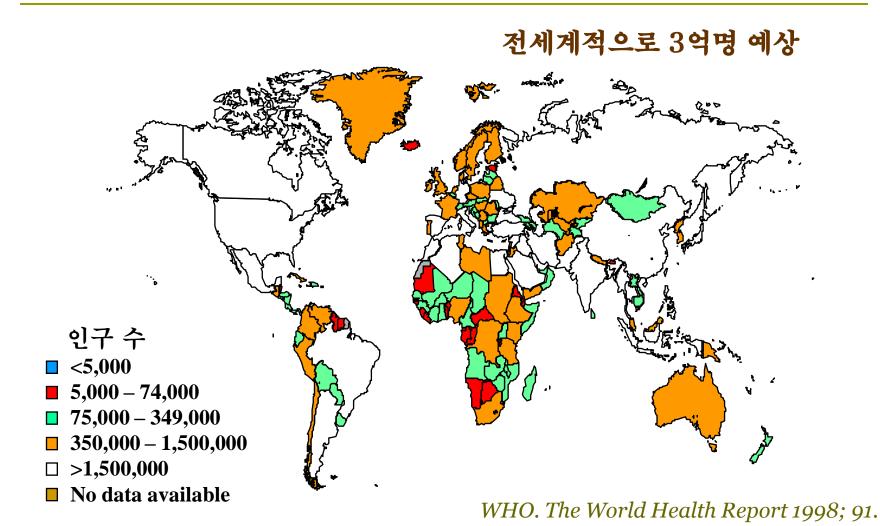


# DM Foot: Epidemiology

Kyungtai Lee M.D.
Foot & Ankle Service, KT Lee's Orthopedic Hospital
Seoul, Korea

#### 2025년 전세계적인 당뇨병 유병율의 예측



#### **Epidemiology of Diabetic Foot Disease**

- More than 50% of all people with diabetes have risk factors for foot complications and 15% to 20% of them will develop a foot ulcer during their lifetime
- A lower-extremity amputation (LEA) will be performed in up to 30% of DFU patients
- 50-70% of all non-traumatic amputations are performed in persons with diabetes
- 85% of diabetes related amputations are precipitated by a foot ulcer
- 4 out of 5 ulcers are preceded by trauma: potential for prevention

# Incidence; USA

- 15 % occurrence in total DM life (Palumbo PJ: Diabetes in America, 1985)
- 7.2 % DMF ulcer rate in DMNP (Abbott CA: Diabetes Care 21:1071, 1988)
- DMF: 20% of DM Admission (Williams DRR: Foot in Diabetes, 1994)
- Amputation: 3% of DM

# Incidence; Europe England

< 70 years , 750,000 DM patients</li>

4% foot amputation

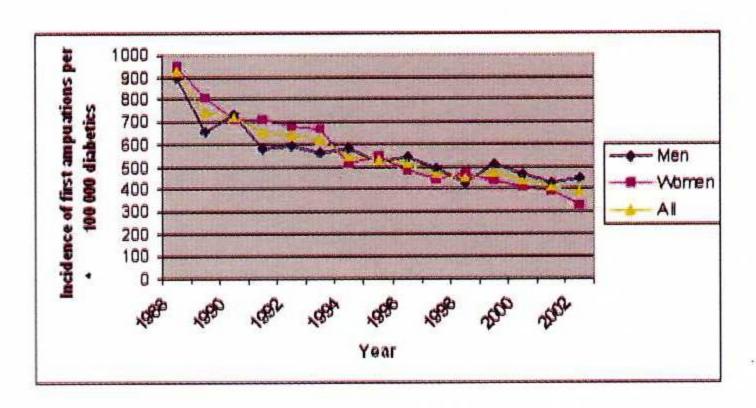
6% DMF ulcer

women 0.5% / men 3%

claudication

(Verhoeven S: Diabetic Med 8:435, 1991)

#### **Finland**

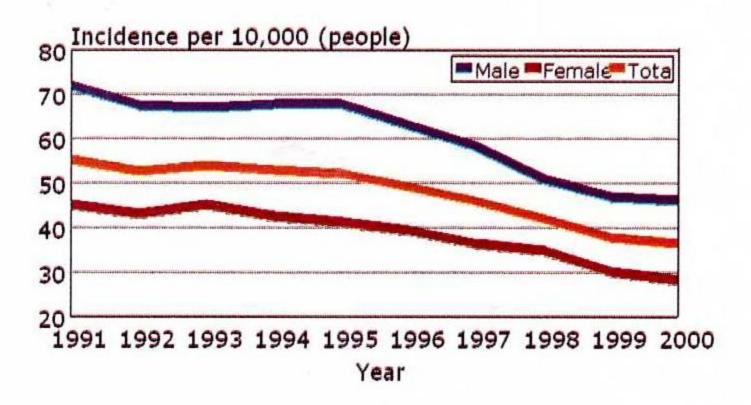


#### **Finland**

- Amputation incidence (procedures)
  - Decrease from 92,4 to 38,7 per 10,000 diabetics
- Inverse correlation between number of vascular operations and number of first major amputations

Winell et al., 2006

#### The Netherlands



#### The Netherlands

#### Incidence (people)

1991: 55.0 / 10,000 people with diabetes

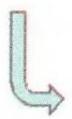
l e

2000: 36.3 / 10,000 people with diabetes

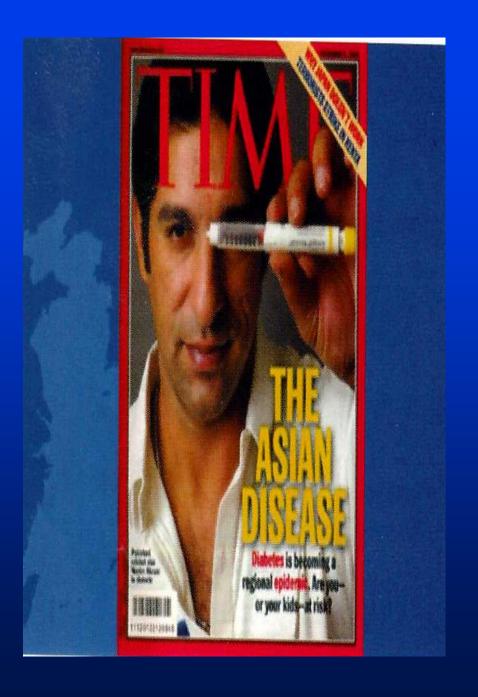
Van Houtum et al., 2004

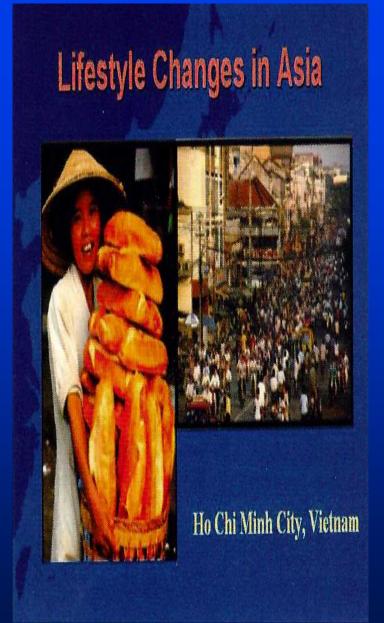
Epidemiology showed that prevention is possible

Multidisciplinary approach & protocolized medicine:



45-85 % reduction in amputation





#### **ASIA**

## Prevalence of Diabetes in HK:

- 2003: 8.0 %

- 2025: 12.8 %

Diabetes Atlas 2nd edition, International Diabetes Federation, 2003

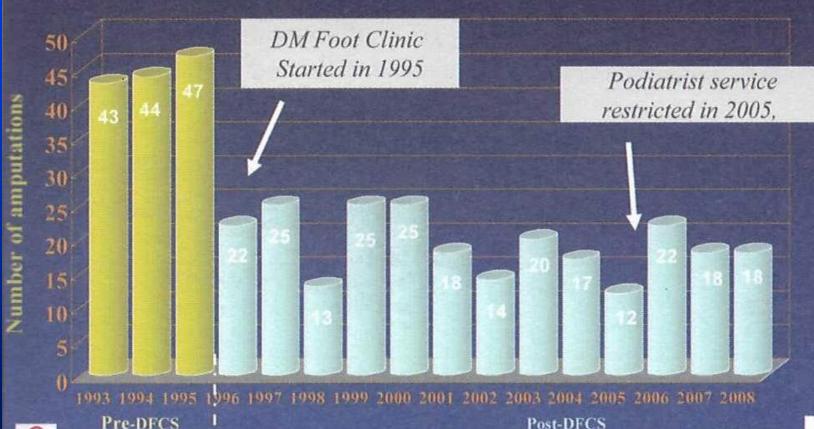




Kwong Wah Hospital Dept. Of Orthopaedics & Traumatology

#### Major lower limb amputations of diabetic foot problems in 16 years

(Above knee amputations & below knee amputations) (from 1993 to 2008)





Post-DFCS

Kwong Wah Hospital Dept. Of Orthopaedics & Traumatology



## Japan

Diabetic Neuropathy and Foot Problems in Japan - The Japan Physicians Association Study 2000-

Multi-center Study (1,232 Hospitals and Clinics)

12,821 Diabetic Patients (Type 1: 6.5%, Type 2: 92.7%)

J Japan Phys Assoc 16 (2) (2001)

Diabetic Foot Ulcer in Japan
- The Japan Physicians Association Study 2000-

\*Foot Ulcer 119 cases (Male 71 cases, Female 48 cases)

•Foot ulcer without neuropathy
30 cases / 8,112 cases (0.37%)

•Foot ulcer with neuropathy
89 cases / 4,709 cases (1.89%)

J Japan Phys Assoc 16 (2) 397 (2001)

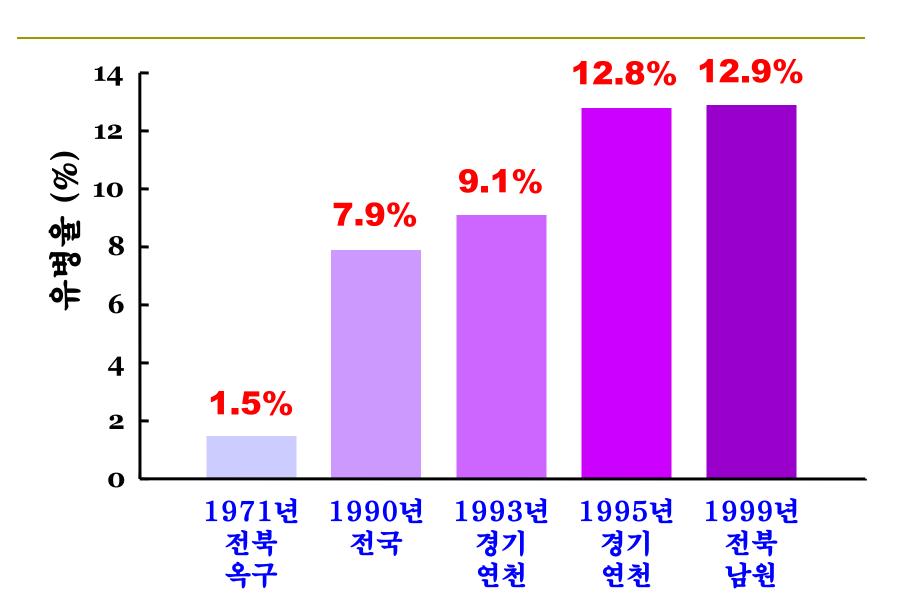
#### India

#### The Diabetic Foot in India

- 40.000 legs are amputated per year
- 90% of the amputations carried out in neuropathic feet with secondary infections (mostly preventable)
- Causative reasons and complicating factors:
- Sociocultural habits (e.g. walking barefoot)
- Cultural and religious beliefs
- Socioeconomic factors
- Lack of knowledge amongst patients and primary care physicans

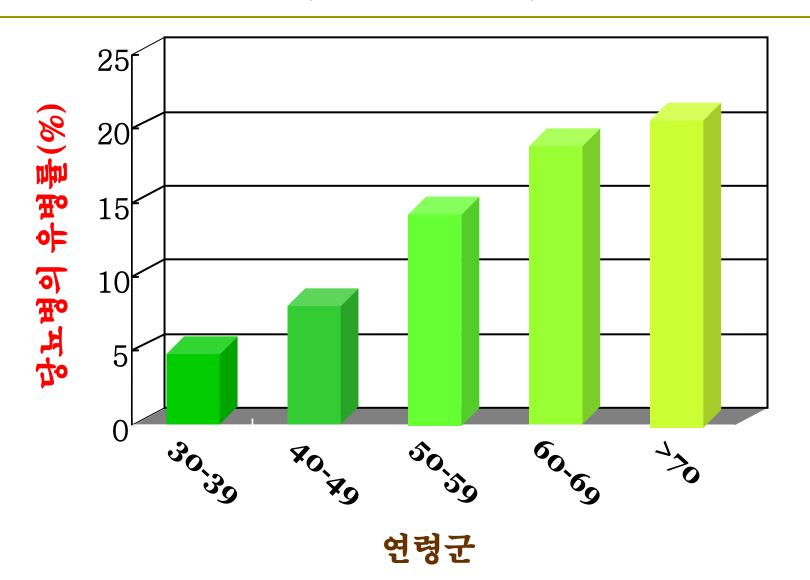
Ramachandran, 2004

#### 한국에서 30세 이상 성인의 당뇨병 유병율의 변화



#### 연령군에 따른 한국인 당뇨병 유병률

신찬수 등, 경기도 연천군, 1995









이 검색 禹로그아웃 뉴스 라이프

종합 | 경제 | 스포츠 | 문화 · 연예 | 정보과학 정보과학 > IT 뉴스 I 컴퓨터 과학·기술 L

Home > 정보과학 > 과학 > 건강·과학



#### '10년내 당뇨대란 우려"

식생활의 서구화와 고령화 등으로 당뇨병이 급증하고 있으며, 이로 인해 향후 10년 이내 에 환자와 가족 등 우리나라 국민의 4분의 1 정도인 1천200만명 가량이 당뇨합병증으로 직간접적 피해를 입는 '당뇨대란'이 무려된다 는 경고가 나왔다.

대한당뇨병학회는 10일 '한국인의 당뇨병 발 생현황'보고서를 통해 우리나라 성인의 당뇨 병 유병률은 10%선으로 최소 300만명에서 최대 500만명 정도가 당뇨병환자로 추정되고 있으며, 동물성 식품과 지방장 섭취 증가와 신체활동량 감소, 노령인구증가, 생활양식의 서구화 등으로 증가추세에 있다고 주장했다.

Cł.

학회는 이런 당뇨대란 상황을 피하기 위해서 는 예방이 최선의 방책이라며 '당뇨병 퇴치 10개년 계획'을 마련, 올해부터 대대적인 당 뇨병 및 당뇨합병증 예방 캠페인을 추진키로 했다.

이를 위해 학회는 전국 규모의 당뇨병 역학조 사를 실시하고 각 지역별로 당뇨병 전문의를 통한 정기 공개강좌를 개최하며, '당뇨버 스'를 운행, 일반 국민을 대상으로 무료 당뇨 병 검진 및 의료상담을 시행하는 등의 사업을 벌일 계획이다.

## Incidence: Korea

1000 DM patients

NP 33%
Gangrene 1%
DMF 1%
loss of pedal pulse each 1%

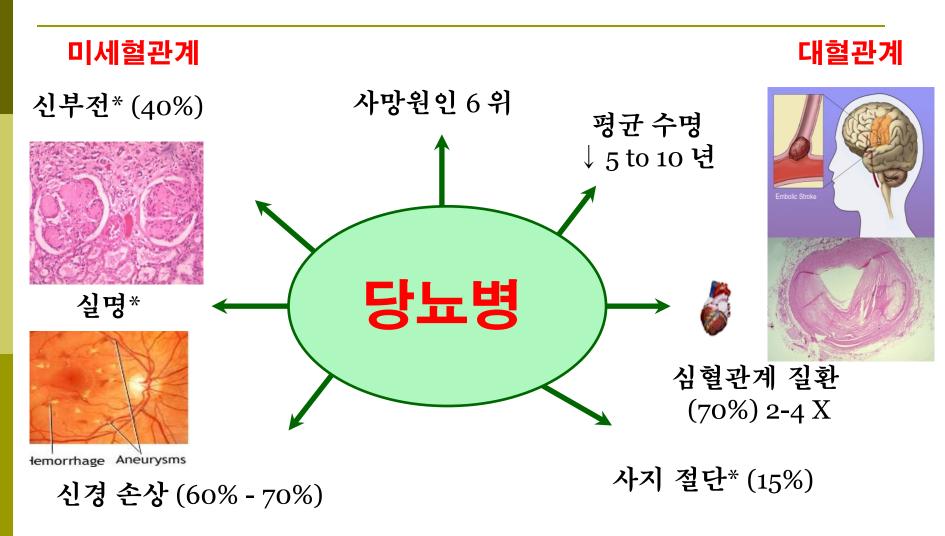
 Diabetes care asia (Kim YS: Excerpta medica international congress series 1209:67, 2000)

## Incidence: Korea

Table 1. Annual Incidence of Diabetic Foot			
Year	No. of total DM patients	No. of DM foot patients	Annual incidence (%)
1982	307	5	1.63
1983	448	7	1.56
1984	576	9	1.56
1985	556	10	1.77
1986	434	14	3.23
1987	618	16	2.59
1988	804	18	2.24
1989	830	24	2.89
1990	854	23	2.69
1991	974	26	2.67
Total	6401	152	2.37

 Prevalence of foot ulcer in diabetes (Cha BY: 11th Korea-Japan Diabetes Symposium, 2001)

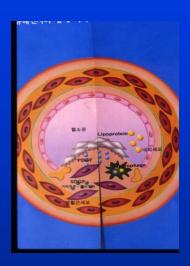
#### 당뇨병: 건강에 대한 영향 (미국통계)

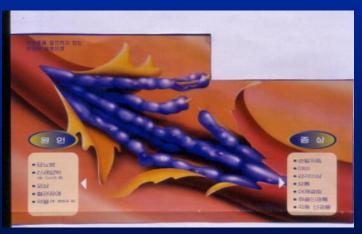


\*당뇨병은 신부전, 실명, 비외상성 사지절단의 가장 흔한 원인

## DMF problem

- Vasculopathy
- Neuropathy
- Dermatologic





# Three Clinical Entity

- DMF ulcer
- DMF infection
- Charcot joint







### Problem of Foot Care in Asia

No Podiatrists
No Pedorthists

Who should take their roles?

## Diabetic Foot Team

- Diabetic Internist
- Vascular surgeon
- Orthopedic Surgeon → DMF Clinic
- Plastic surgeon
- Rehabilitation Doctor
- Wound dressing nurse

## Diabetic Foot Education

- To whom
   patient, doctor, nurse etc
- Where
   DM education Room
   Public Auditorium
   Event Hall



